STEP 3

Textured Slippers

YARN WEIGHT: Medium (Worsted)

SIZES

To Fit Lady’s shoe size
5/6 (7/8 - 9/10)

TENSION

21 sts and 27 rows = 4 ins [10 cm] in stocking st.

Finished Foot length

Small 5/6 9 inches [ 23 cm ]
Medium 7/8 9 1/2 inches [ 24 cm ]
Large 9/10 10 1/2 inches [ 26.5 cm ]
MATERIALS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Patons® Classic Wool (100 g / 3.5 oz)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Small</strong></td>
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<td>1</td>
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00238 (Paprika)

Size 4 mm (U.S. 6) knitting needles. Set of four 4 mm (U.S. 6) double-pointed knitting needles or size needed to obtain tension.

INSTRUCTIONS

The instructions are written for smallest size. If changes are necessary for larger sizes the instructions will be written thus ( ). Numbers for each size are shown in the same color throughout the pattern. When only one number is given in black, it applies to all sizes.

Beg at Back, with pair of needles, cast on 2 sts.

1st row: (RS). Knit.


3rd row: Purl.


Work 3 rows even in stocking st.


Break yarn. Leave all sts on needle.

With RS of work facing and 1st double-pointed needle, pick up and knit 16 sts up right side of “triangle”. With 2nd double-pointed needle, K17 from left-hand needle. With 3rd double-pointed needle, pick up and knit 16 sts down left side of “triangle”. 49 sts. Turn.

Do not join in rnd. Working back and forth across all 3 needles, proceed as follows:


2nd row: Knit.


4th row: Knit.

Rep 1st to 4th rows of Pat until work from pick up row measures 5 ins [12.5 cm] changing to 2 straight needles when it is suitable. Place markers at each end of last row.

Work for a further 1 (2 1/2-3) ins [2.5 (6-7.5) cm] from markers, ending with a WS row.

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Shape toe


2nd and alt rows: Work even in pat.


Break yarn, leaving a long end. Thread end through rem sts and draw up firmly. Fasten securely.

Top Edging

With RS of work facing, pick up and knit 50 sts along top edge of Slipper between markers.

Knit 2 rows. Cast off knitwise (WS).

Using a flat seam, sew instep to top edge.

Pom-pom: (Make 2).

Wind yarn around 3 fingers approx 50 times. Remove from fingers and tie tightly in centre. Cut through each side of loops. Trim to a smooth round shape.

Sew pom-pom to front of Slipper as shown in picture. 🎁
ABBREVIATIONS
Approx = Approximately.
Beg = Beginning.
Inc = Increase 1 stitch by knitting into front and back of next stitch.
K = Knit.
K2tog = Knit next 2 stitches together.
M1 = Make 1 stitch by picking up horizontal loop lying before next stitch and knitting into back of loop.
P = Purl.
Pat = Pattern.
Psso = Pass slipped stitch over.
Rem = Remaining.
Rep = Repeat.
Rnd(s) = Round(s).
RS = Right side.
Sl1 = Slip next stitch knitwise.
St(s) = Stitch(es).
WS = Wrong side.

TENSION SWATCH
Knitting tension swatches will ensure that your knitting matches the knitting used for calculations of the pattern you’ve chosen. Every pattern will have a section called “Tension” listed after “Materials”. To knit your tension swatch, use the same yarn and size of needles quoted in the pattern and knit a sample at least 5 inches [12.5 cm] square. Place the sample on a hard flat surface. To check stitch tension, measure across the knitting horizontally and mark 4 inches [10 cm]. Count the number of stitches between the pins. To measure row tension, measure vertically and mark 4 inches [10 cm]. Count the number of rows between the pins. If you have more than the quoted number of stitches or rows, your knitting is tight and you need to try again with the next larger size needles. If you have fewer than the quoted number of stitches or rows, your knitting is loose and you need to try the next smaller size needles. Keep trying until your knitting matches the quoted numbers. Remember that the needle sizes quoted in patterns are based on average knitters; many knitters will have to adjust their needle sizes.

PICKING UP STITCHES
Picking Up Along a Side Edge
With the right side facing, insert the point of the right-hand needle from front to back between first and second stitch of first row (working one whole stitch in from side edge). Wind yarn around the point of the needle and draw the loop through as though knitting a stitch. A new stitch is now formed on the right-hand needle. Continue in this way along the edge until the required number of stitches has been picked up. Tip: pick up stitches over 3 rows, then skip 1 row to prevent picking up too many stitches along side edge. If you are working with thick yarn, work through the center of each edge stitch to reduce the bulk.